

1.3 Fractions & Mixed Numbers Day One

Lesson Title

Date

VOCABULARY

Fraction: quotient of 2 #'s; part of a whole
Denominator: bottom of fraction; what makes the whole
Numerator: top of fraction, what we have of the whole
factors: two values multiplied together
product: the value after 2 #'s are multiplied
Simplest form } when a fraction has nothing else
lowest term } in common in numerator & denominator
prime numbers: the only factors are 1 and itself
composite number: all #'s that are not prime
prime factorization: break down a composite number using only prime #'s
Reciprocal: Flip of the numerator & denominator
KCF: Keep (the 1st fraction), Change ($\div \rightarrow *$), Flip (the second fraction) when dividing two fractions

Task 1 Prime factorization.

a) $40 = 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$
 $5 \cdot 8$
 $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$

b) $63 = 7 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$
 $9 \cdot 7$
 $3 \cdot 3$

c) $36 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$
 $9 \cdot 4$
 $3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2$

d) $200 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 5$
 $20 \cdot 10$
 $4 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 2$

Task 2: Simplify.

a) $\frac{42}{49} = \frac{7 \cdot 6}{7 \cdot 7} = \frac{6}{7}$ prime

b) $\frac{11}{27}$ prime

c) $\frac{88}{20} = \frac{11 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{5 \cdot 2 \cdot 2} = \frac{22}{5}$

d) $\frac{63}{72} = \frac{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7}{3 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2} = \frac{7}{8}$

e) $\frac{64}{12} = \frac{4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3} = \frac{16}{3}$ prime

f) $\frac{7}{25}$ prime

Task 3: Multiply & Simplify

a) $\frac{2}{15} \cdot \frac{5}{13} = \frac{2 \cdot \cancel{5}}{3 \cdot 5 \cdot 13} = \frac{2}{39}$

b) $\frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{7}{9} = \frac{\cancel{3} \cdot 7}{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 3 \cdot \cancel{3}} = \frac{7}{24}$

Task 4: \div & Simplify (KCF)

a) $\frac{4}{5} \div \frac{7}{10} = \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{10}{7} = \frac{64}{25}$

b) $\frac{7}{10} \div \frac{1}{14} = \frac{7}{10} \cdot \frac{14}{1} = \frac{98}{10} = \frac{49}{5}$

c) $\frac{3}{8} \div \frac{3}{10} = \frac{3}{8} \cdot \frac{10}{3} = \frac{10}{8} = \frac{5}{4}$

d) $\frac{2}{4} \div \frac{4}{4} = \frac{2}{4} \cdot \frac{4}{4} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$

e) $\frac{5}{12} \div 15 = \frac{5}{12} \cdot \frac{1}{15} = \frac{5}{180} = \frac{1}{36}$

Still need help with: