CYU 1.3 Midpoint & Distance Formulas

☑ Use when you get it right all by yourself

 ${m {\it S}}$ Use when you did it all by yourself, but made a silly mistake

HUse when you could do it alone with a little help from teacher or peer

 ${\it G}$ Use when you completed the problem in a group

X Use when a question was attempted but wrong (get help)

NUse when a question was not even attempted

CONCEPTS	BASIC	INTERMEDIATE	ADVANCED
Midpoint Formula		5, 6, 7, 8	9
Distance Formula	1-4,	10	
Bisect, midpoint, congruent, coordinate plane, perimeter	1 – 7, 10	8, 9	

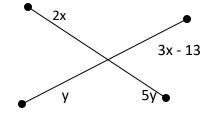
1. Plot the points in a coordinate plane. Then determine whether \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} are congruent. A(- 4, 5), B (- 4, 8), C(2, - 3), D(2, 0)

- 2. Plot the points in a coordinate plane. Then determine whether \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} are congruent. A(6, - 8), B(6, 1), C(7, - 2), D(- 2, - 2)
- 3. Plot the points in a coordinate plane. Then determine whether \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} are congruent. A(- 5, 6), B(- 5, - 1), C(- 4, 3), D(3, 3)
- 4. Plot the points in a coordinate plane. Then determine whether \overline{AB} and \overline{CD} are congruent. A(10, 4), B(3, 4), C(- 1, 2), D(- 1, 5)
- 5. PS = 3x + 2, SQ = 4x 5, PQ = 39u. Is S the midpoint of \overline{PQ} ? Justify your answer.

Pd

- 6. Suppose Q is the midpoint of \overline{PR} . PQ = 3x 5 and QR = x + 17. Find the value of x. What length should PS have if R is to be the midpoint of \overline{QS} ?
- 7. M is the midpoint of AB. If $AM = 2x^2 + 16$, $AB = 6x^2$, find AB.

8. Find the value of x and y that makes AB and CD bisect each other.



- 9. If A is (-3, 5) and M is (7, -12) then find B if M is the midpoint of B.
- 10. Find the perimeter of a triangle with coordinates (5, 6) (8, -4) and (12, 10). *Leave your answer exact and simplified.*

