Name: _

Date:

3.1 Solving Quadratics by Projectile Motion CYU FOUR

Use when you get it right all by yourself

 ${m {\it S}}$ Use when you did it all by yourself, but made a silly mistake

 ${\it H}$ Use when you could do it alone with a little help from teacher or peer

G Use when you completed the problem in a group

X Use when a question was attempted but wrong (get help)

NUse when a question was not even attempted

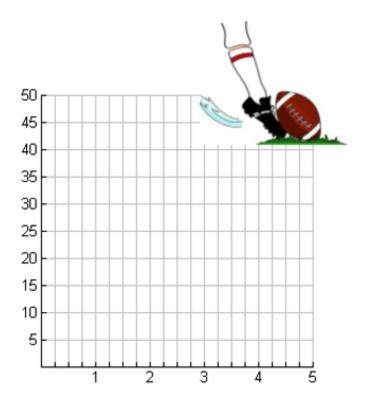
CONCEPTS	BASIC	INTERMEDIATE	ADVANCED
Creating a table from a	1 - 7		
function			
Finding the vertex	1 - 7		
Max/Min & Value	1 - 7		
Ground/Zeros	1 - 7		
Predicting specific x values	1 - 7		
Explaining Why with Quadratics		5, 6, 7	
Graphing quadratic	1 - 7		
Changing window to match graph	1 - 7		

I. Fourth way: Projectile Motion.

1. An athlete can kick a football from the ground with an initial velocity of 48 feet per second. The height from the ground in feet can be found using the function $f(x) = -16x^2 + 48x$, where x is the time in seconds. Create a table:

Create a graph and answer the questions:

- a. What is the maximum height?
- b. When does it reach its max height?
- c. When does it hit the ground?
- d. Where is it at 1 second?

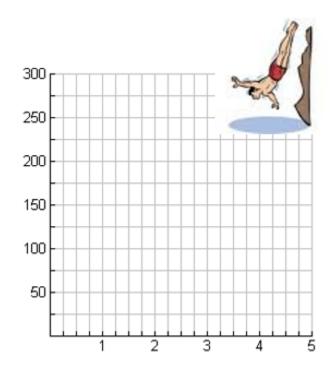


2. A cliff diver, drops into the water from a height of 225 feet. The height from the ground in feet can be found using the function $y = -16x^2 + 225$, where x is the time in seconds.

Create a table:

Create a graph and answer the questions:

- a. What is his maximum height?
- b. When does he reach his max height?
- c. When does he hit the ground?
- d. Where is he at 1 second?

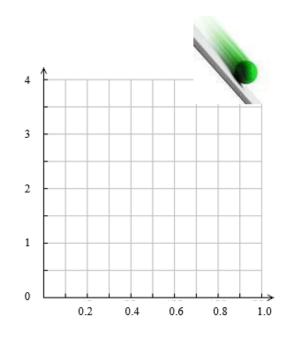


3. A ball rolls off a roof 4 meters high. The height from the roof can be found using the function $f(x) = -4.9x^2 + 4$, where x is the time in seconds.

Create a table:

Create a graph and answer the questions:

- a. What is the maximum height?
- b. When does it reach its max height?
- c. When does it hit the ground?
- d. Where is it at 1 second?



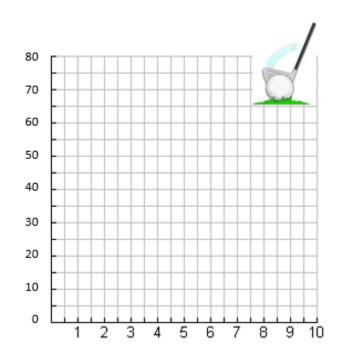
4. A golf ball is hit from the ground with an initial velocity of 39.2 meters per second. The height from the ground in meters can be found using the function $f(x) = -4.9x^2 + 39.2x$, where x is the time in seconds. Create a table:

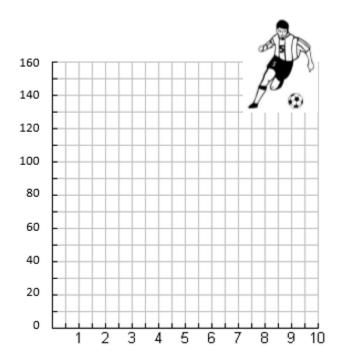
Create a graph and answer the questions: a. What is the maximum height?

- b. When does it reach its max height?
- c. When does it hit the ground?
- d. What is the height at 2 seconds?
- 5. A soccer ball is kicked from the ground with an initial velocity of 49 meters per second. The height from the ground in meters can be found using the equation $y = -4.9x^2 + 49x$, where x is the time in seconds. Create a table:

<u> </u>			

- a. What is the maximum height?
- b. When does it reach its max height?
- c. When does it hit the ground?
- d. What is the height at 3 seconds and 7 seconds? Why is it the same?





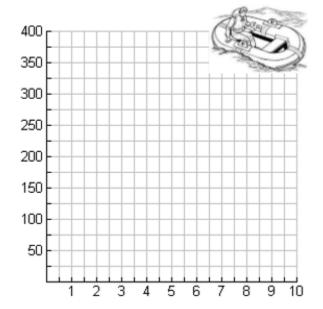
6. A flare is launched from a life raft with an initial velocity of 144 feet per second. The height from the ground in feet, h, can be found using the function $h(t) = -16t^2 + 144t + 0$, where t is the time in seconds. Create a table:

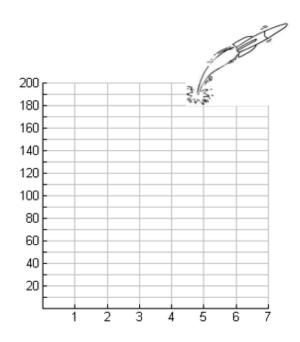
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Create a graph and answer the questions:

- a. What is the maximum height?
- b. When does it reach its max height?
- c. When does it hit the ground?
- 7. A model rocket will be launched into the ocean from a hill 80 feet above sea level. Its initial velocity is 64 feet per second. The rocket's distance s, above sea level at any time, t, is found by the equation $s = -16t^2 + 64t + 80$. Create a table:

- a. What is the maximum height?
- b. When does it reach its max height?
- c. When does it hit the ground?
- d. What is its height at 1 and 3 seconds? Why is it the same?





CYU Reflection: How far can you go: basic, intermediate, or advanced?

Rate your mastery level!

How confident are you with the skills this CYU covered? Circle the score you would give yourself.

