

Date:

Period:

5.3 Proving Triangles Congruent by SAS CYU

☑ Use when you get it right all by yourself

 ${m {\it S}}$ Use when you did it all by yourself, but made a silly mistake

 ${\it H}$ Use when you could do it alone with a little help from teacher or peer

 $m{ extsf{G}}$ Use when you completed the problem in a group

X Use when a question was attempted but wrong (get help)

₿Use when a question was not even attempted

CONCEPTS	BASIC	INTERMEDIATE	ADVANCED
Included angles	1 - 3		
SAS Congruence Theorem	4, 5, 8	6, 7, 9	
Triangle Congruence Statement	12	13	
SAS Proofs	10	11	14

Name the included angle between the pair of sides given.

1. *JK* & *KL*

2. <u>PK</u> & <u>KL</u>



Decide whether enough information is given to prove that the triangles are congruent using the SAS Congruence Theorem. Explain.

4. \triangle ABD & \triangle CDB











9. Δ KLM & ΔMNK

Use the given information to name two triangles that are congruent. Explain your reasoning.

10. $\angle SRT \cong \angle URT$, and *R* is the center of the circle.



11. $\overline{MK} \perp \overline{MN}, \overline{KL} \perp \overline{NL},$ and *M* and *L* are centers of circles.



^{3. &}lt;u>TP</u> & <u>KL</u>

Write a two-column proof.

10. Given \overline{PQ} bisects $\angle SPT, \overline{SP} \cong \overline{TP}$ **Prove** $\triangle SPQ \cong \triangle TPQ$



11. Given $\overline{AB} \cong \overline{CD}, \overline{AB} \parallel \overline{CD}$ Prove $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle CDA$



Use a two-column proof to prove that $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle DEC$. Then find the values of x and y. Show all work for full credit.



CYU Reflection: How far can you go: basic, intermediate, or advanced?

Rate your mastery level!

How confident are you with the skills this CYU covered? Circle the score you would give yourself.

