Name: $\qquad$ Date: $\qquad$ Period: $\qquad$

### 5.3 Proving Triangles Congruent by SAS CYU

$\square$ Use when you get it right all by yourself
$\boldsymbol{S}$ Use when you did it all by yourself, but made a silly mistake
HUse when you could do it alone with a little help from teacher or peer
$\boldsymbol{G}$ Use when you completed the problem in a group
X Use when a question was attempted but wrong (get help)
$N$ Use when a question was not even attempted

| CONCEPTS | BASIC | INTERMEDIATE | ADV ANCED |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Included angles | $1-3$ |  |  |
| SAS Congruence Theorem | $4,5,8$ | $6,7,9$ |  |
| Triangle Congruence Statement | 12 | 13 |  |
| SAS Proofs | 10 | 11 | 14 |

Name the included angle between the pair of sides given.


Decide whether enough information is given to prove that the triangles are congruent using the SAS Congruence Theorem. Explain.
4. $\Delta \mathrm{ABD} \& \Delta \mathrm{CDB}$


6. $\Delta \mathrm{YXZ} \& \Delta \mathrm{WXZ}$


1. $\overline{J K} \& \overline{K L}$
2. $\overline{P K} \& \overline{K L}$
3. $\overline{L P} \& \overline{K L}$

Use the given information to name two triangles that are congruent. Explain your reasoning.
10. $\angle S R T \cong \angle U R T$, and $R$ is the center of the circle.

11. $\overline{M K} \perp \overline{M N}, \overline{K L} \perp \overline{N L}$, and $M$ and $L$ are centers of circles.


Write a two-column proof.
10. Given $\overline{P Q}$ bisects $\angle S P T, \overline{S P} \cong \overline{T P}$

Prove $\triangle S P Q \cong \triangle T P Q$

11. Given $\overline{A B} \cong \overline{C D}, \overline{A B} \| \overline{C D}$

Prove $\triangle A B C \cong \triangle C D A$


Use a two-column proof to prove that $\triangle A B C \cong \triangle D E C$. Then find the values of $x$ and $y$. Show all work for full credit.
14.


## Rate your mastery leve!!

How confident are you with the skills this CYU covered? Circle the score you would give yourself.


