

6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE with work

6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE

Essential Question:

What are some of the characteristics of exponential growth and exponential decay functions?

- 1) Growing Exponentially - you start with \$300 in your savings account. You earn 1.5% in interest at the end of each year. Make a table to show the year-end \$ amounts for years 1-10.

X	$300(1.015)^x$	y
1	$300(1.015)^1$	304.5
2	$300(1.015)^2$	309.07
3	$300(1.015)^3$	313.70
4	$300(1.015)^4$	318.41
5		323.10
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		

col 5

X	Y1
0	300
1	304.5
2	309.07
3	313.70
4	318.41
5	323.10
6	327.89
7	332.70
8	337.52
9	342.36
10	347.21

X=10

- 2) Write the equation to model this growth:

$$y = 300(1.015)^x$$

Dec 23-9:16 AM

- 2) Exponential Decay (losing value) - \$10,000 is invested in the stock market and the account loses 3% of its value each year for 6 consecutive years. Make a table of values and write the equation that models this.

$$y = 10,000(0.97)^x$$

3%

X	y
1	9,700
2	9,409
3	9,126.73
4	
5	
6	

Dec 23-9:38 AM

6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE with work

What You Will Learn:

- Use and identify exponential growth & decay functions
- Interpret & rewrite exponential growth & decay functions.
- Solve real-life problems involving exponential growth & decay.

Core Vocabulary:

exponential growth

exponential growth function

exponential decay

exponential decay function

compound interest

- Write an exponential growth function that represents the attendance after t years.
- How many people will attend the festival in the fifth year? Round your answer to the nearest thousand.

Dec 23-9:43 AM

Exponential Growth & Decay Functions

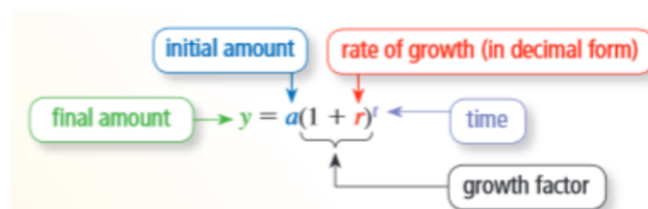
Exponential growth occurs when a quantity increases by the same factor over equal interval's of time.

Core Concept

A function of the form $y = a(1 + r)^t$, where $a > 0$ and $r > 0$, is an exponential growth function.

STUDY TIP

Notice that an exponential growth function is of the form $y = ab^x$, where b is replaced by $1 + r$ and x is replaced by t .



6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE with work

Example: Using an Exponential Growth Function

The inaugural attendance of an annual music festival is 150,000. The attendance y increases by 8% each year.

$$y = a(1+r)^x$$

$$a = 150,000$$
$$r = 0.08$$

$$y = 150,000(1+0.08)^x$$

Practice:

1. A website has 500,000 members in 2010. The number y of members increases by 15% each year.

a) Write an exponential growth function that represents the website membership t years after 2010.

$$a = 500,000$$
$$r = 0.15$$

$$y = a(1+r)^x$$
$$y = 500,000(1+0.15)^x$$

b) How many members will there be in 2016? Round your answer to the nearest ten thousand. $x = 6$

$$y = 500,000(1.15)^6$$

$$500000(1.15)^6$$
$$= 1156530.383$$

$$\approx 1,160,000 \text{ members}$$

6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE with work

Exponential decay occurs when a quantity decreases by the same factor over equal intervals of time.

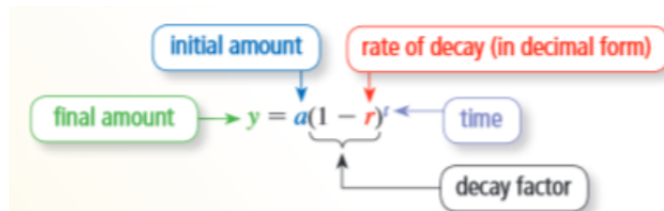
Core Concept

Exponential Decay Functions

A function of the form $y = a(1 - r)^t$, where $a > 0$ and $0 < r < 1$, is an exponential decay function.

STUDY TIP

Notice that an exponential decay function is of the form $y = ab^x$, where b is replaced by $1 - r$ and x is replaced by t .



Dec 23-9:47 AM

For **exponential growth**, the value inside the parentheses is **greater than 1** because r is added to 1. For **exponential decay**, the value inside the parentheses is **less than 1** because r is subtracted from 1.

6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE with work

EXAMPLE 2 Identifying Exponential Growth and Decay

Determine whether each table represents an *exponential growth function*, an *exponential decay function*, or *neither*.

a.

x	y
0	270
1	90
2	30
3	10

exponential decay

SOLUTION

a.

x	y
0	270
1	90
2	30
3	10

▶ As x increases by 1, y is multiplied by $\frac{1}{3}$. So, the table represents an exponential decay function.

b.

x	0	1	2	3
y	5	10	20	40

exponential growth

b.

x	0	1	2	3
y	5	10	20	40

▶ As x increases by 1, y is multiplied by 2. So, the table represents an exponential growth function.

Dec 23-9:48 AM

Example: "r" is the rate of change, make sure it is a percent in your final answer. $y = a(1 \pm r)^t$

Determine whether each function represents *exponential growth* or *exponential decay*. Identify the percent rate of change.

a. $y = 5(1.07)^t$ exponential growth b. $f(t) = 0.2(0.98)^t$ exponential decay

$a = 5$
 $r = 0.07$

$r = 0.07$ so 7%

$a = 0.2$
 $r = 0.02$

$r = 0.02$ so 2%

7% Growth

Solution

2% Decay

Solution

Dec 23-9:49 AM

6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE with work

Example

\$500 invested ... 12% interest rate ... 7 years

How much \$\$ after 7 years?

$$a = 500$$

$$r = 0.12$$

$$x = 7$$

$$y = 500(1 + 0.12)^7$$

$$= \$1,105.34$$

```
500(1.12)^7
1105.340704
```

Dec 23-9:53 AM

Example:

The table shows the balance of a money market account over time.

Write a function that represents the balance after t years.

Year, t	Balance
0	\$100
1	\$110
2	\$121
3	\$133.10
4	\$146.41
5	\$161.05

ExpReg

```
y=a*b^x
a=100.0001183
b=1.0999999024
r^2=.9999999999
r=.9999999999
```

$$y = 100(1.1)^x$$

L1	L2	L3	2	EDIT	TESTS
0	100			4	LinReg(ax+b)
1	110			5	QuadReg
2	121			6	CubicReg
3	133.1			7	QuartReg
4	146.41			8	LinReg(a+bx)
5	161.05			9	LnReg
				0	LnReg
				1	ExpReg

L2(?) =

Dec 23-9:54 AM

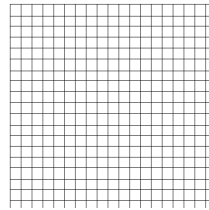
6.4 Exponential Growth & Decay DAY ONE with work

Practice:

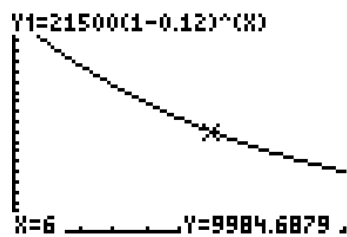
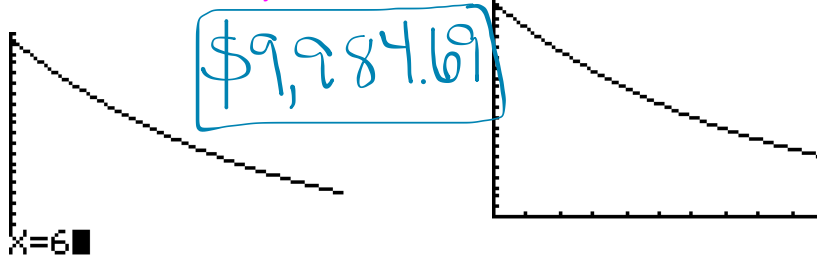
The value of a car is \$21,500. It loses 12% of its value every year.

- a) Write a function that represents the value y (in dollars) of the car after t years.

$$y = a(1-r)^t$$
$$y = 21,500(1-0.12)^t$$



- b) Graph the function from part (a). Use the graph to estimate the value of the car after 6 years.



```
WINDOW
Xmin=0
Xmax=10
Xscl=1
Ymin=0
Ymax=22000
Yscl=1000
↓Xres=1
```

Dec 23-9:55 AM

6.4 DAY ONE Assignment:

pg. 319: 1 - 29, 34, 35, 36, 38, 42 - 48