

### 6.4 Transformations of Exponential & Logarithmic Functions DAY ONE CYU

Use when you get it right all by yourself

**S** Use when you did it all by yourself, but made a silly mistake

**H** Use when you could do it alone with a little help from teacher or peer

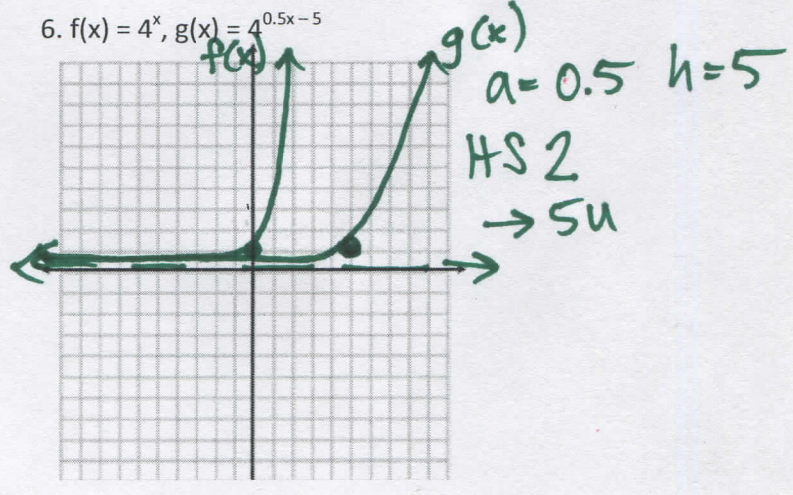
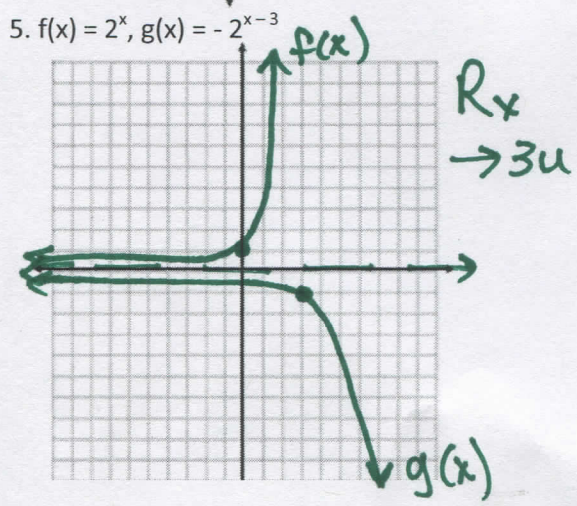
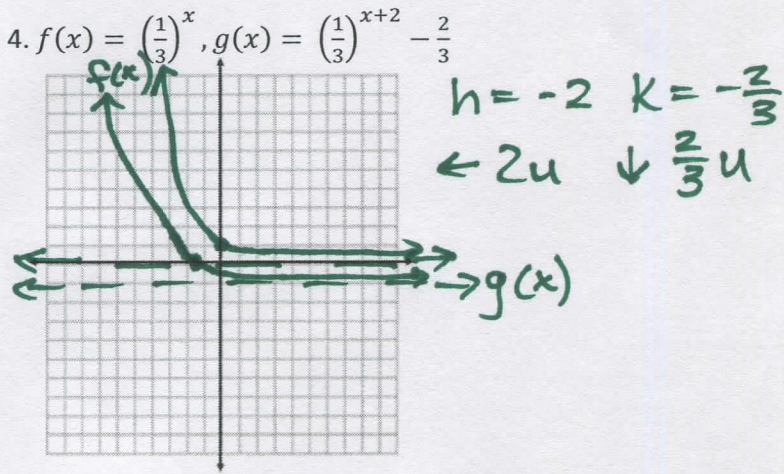
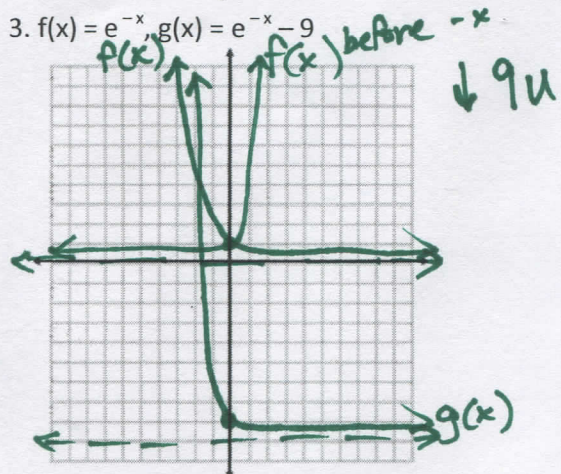
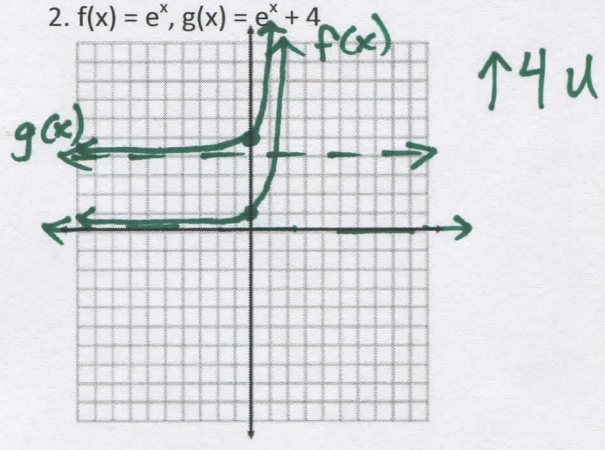
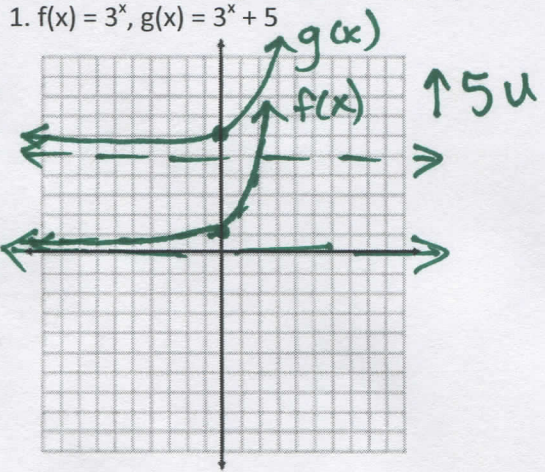
**G** Use when you completed the problem in a group

**X** Use when a question was attempted but wrong (get help)

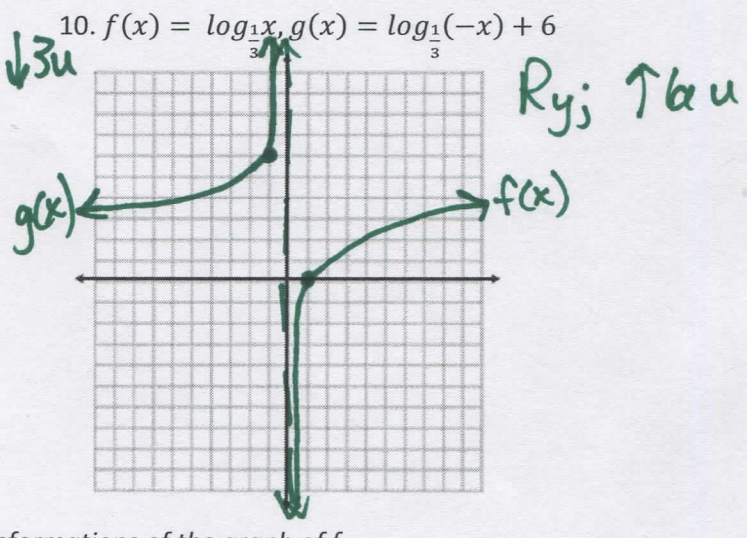
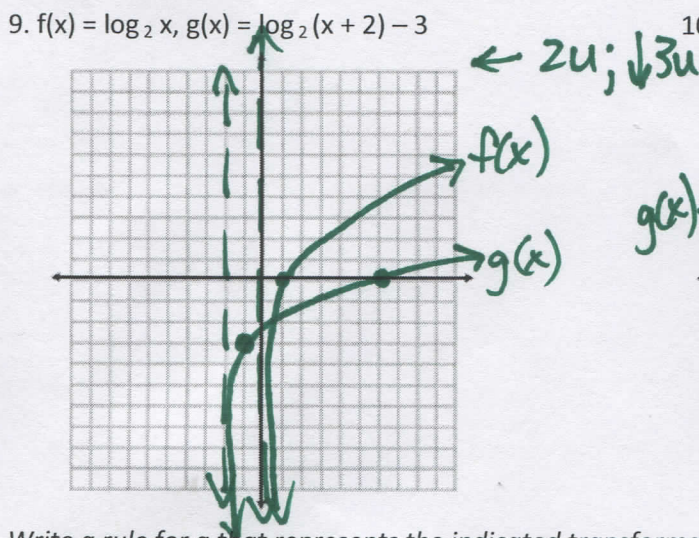
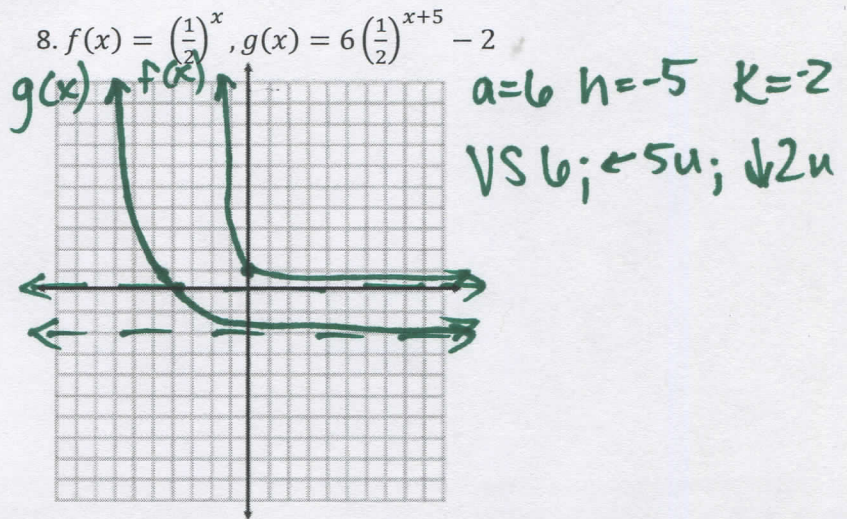
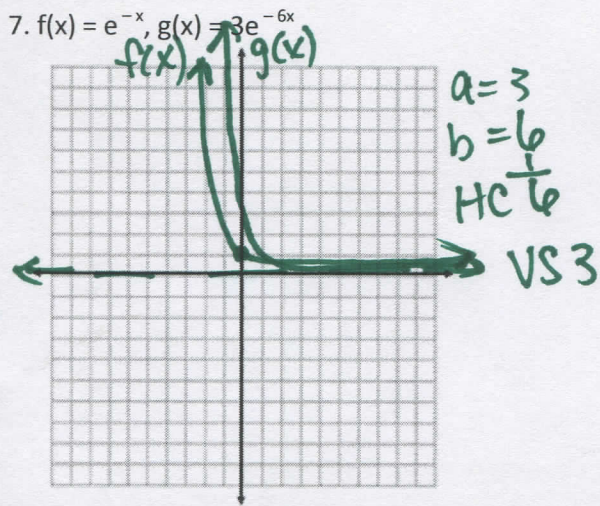
**N** Use when a question was not even attempted

CONCEPTS	BASIC	INTERMEDIATE	ADVANCED
Describing transformations	1	2, 3	4 - 10
Sketching exponential & logarithmic functions	1	2, 3	4 - 10
Write functions from transformation descriptions		11 - 15	

Describe the transformation of  $f$  represented by  $g$ . Then sketch each function.







Write a rule for  $g$  that represents the indicated transformations of the graph of  $f$ .

11.  $f(x) = 5^x$ ; translation 2 units down, followed by a reflection in the y-axis.

$$g(x) = 5^{-x} - 2$$

12.  $f(x) = e^x$ ; horizontal compression by a factor of  $\frac{1}{2}$ , followed by a translation 5 units up.

$$g(x) = e^{2x} + 5$$

13.  $f(x) = \log_6 x$ ; vertical stretch by a factor of 6, followed by a translation 5 units down.

$$g(x) = 6 \log_6 x - 5$$

14.  $f(x) = \ln x$ ; translation 3 units right and 1 unit up, followed by a horizontal stretch by a factor of 8.

$$g(x) = \ln\left(\frac{1}{8}x - 3\right) + 1$$

15.  $f(x) = \log_{\frac{1}{2}} x$ ; translation 3 units left and 2 units up, followed by a reflection in the y-axis.

$$g(x) = \log_{\frac{1}{2}}(-x+3) + 2$$

CYU Reflection: How far can you go: basic, intermediate, or advanced?

Rate your mastery level!

How confident are you with the skills this CYU covered? Circle the score you would give yourself.

