

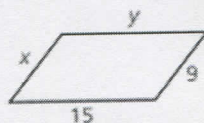
7.2 Parallelogram DAY ONE CYU

Use when you get it right all by yourself  
**S** Use when you did it all by yourself, but made a silly mistake  
**H** Use when you could do it alone with a little help from teacher or peer  
**G** Use when you completed the problem in a group  
**X** Use when a question was attempted but wrong (get help)  
**N** Use when a question was not even attempted

CONCEPTS	BASIC	INTERMEDIATE	ADVANCED
Properties of parallelograms	1, 2, 3, 4	5, 6	7, 8, 9
Parallel lines & transversals	14 - 16		
Applying the properties			10 - 13

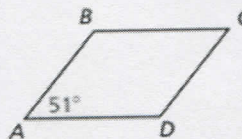
1. Find the value of each variable in the parallelogram.

$x = 9, y = 15$



2. Find the measure of the indicated angle in the parallelogram. Find  $m\angle B$ .

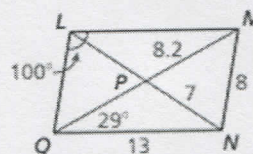
$129^\circ$



Find the indicated measure in parallelogram LMNQ. Explain your reasoning in words or with work.

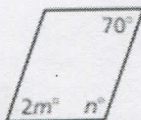
3. LM = 13

4.  $m\angle LMN = 80^\circ$



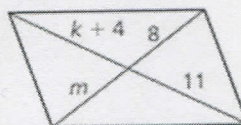
Find the value of each variable in the parallelogram.

5.



$m = 35$   
 $n = 110$

6.



$k = 7$   
 $m = 8$

7. ERROR ANALYSIS Describe and correct the error in using properties of parallelograms.

**X**

Because quadrilateral STUV is a parallelogram,  $\angle S \cong \angle V$ . So,  $m\angle V = 50^\circ$ .

consecutive  $\angle$ 's R supp.  
 $m\angle S + m\angle V = 180$   
 $m\angle V = 130^\circ$

8. Find the coordinates of the intersection of the diagonals of the parallelogram with given vertices: W(-2, 5), X(2, 5), Y(4, 0), & Z(0, 0).

$(1, 2.5)$

9. Three vertices of parallelogram DEFG are given. Find the coordinates of the remaining vertex.  
 $D(0, 2)$ ,  $E(-1, 5)$ , &  $G(4, 0)$

$F(3, 3)$

10. **MATHEMATICAL CONNECTIONS** Find the measure of each angle if the measure of one interior angle of a parallelogram is 0.25 times the measure of another angle.

$36^\circ; 144^\circ$

11. **MAKING AN ARGUMENT** In quadrilateral ABCD,  $m\angle B = 124^\circ$ ,  $m\angle A = 56^\circ$ , and  $m\angle C = 124^\circ$ . Your friend claims quadrilateral ABCD could be a parallelogram. Is your friend correct? Explain your reasoning.

no; answers may vary

12. **ATTENDING TO PRECISION**  $\angle J$  &  $\angle K$  are consecutive angles in a parallelogram,  $m\angle J = (3x + 7)^\circ$ , and  $m\angle K = (5x - 11)^\circ$ . Find the measure of each angle.

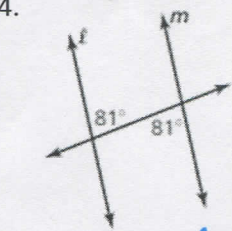
$76^\circ; 104^\circ$

13. **PROBLEM SOLVING** In parallelogram LMNP, the ratio of LM to MN is 4:3. Find LM when the perimeter of parallelogram LMNP is 28.

8

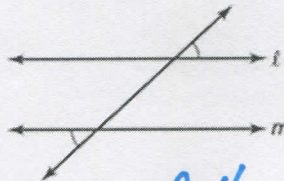
Determine whether lines  $l$  and  $m$  are parallel. Justify your answer.

14.



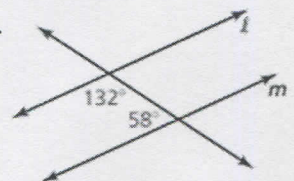
yes;  $l \parallel m$   
 AIA Converse

15.



yes;  $l \parallel m$   
 AEA Converse

16.



no; not supp.  $\angle$ 's

**CYU Reflection:** How far can you go: basic, intermediate, or advanced?

**Rate your mastery level!**

How confident are you with the skills this CYU covered? Circle the score you would give yourself.

● ● ● ● ● ● ● ●

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Basic		Intermediate			Advanced		Solved ALL!

