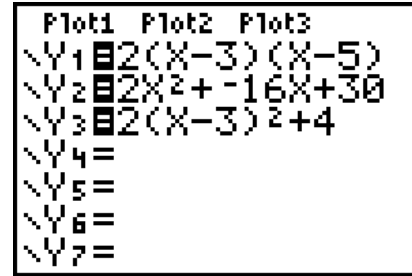


## Algebra 2 Quadratic Calculator TIPS Notes

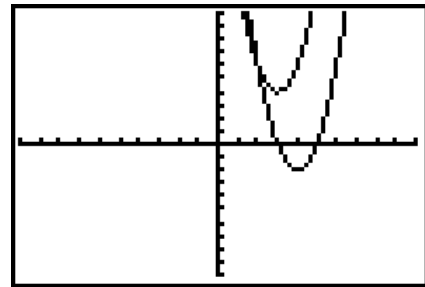
### TYPING YOUR EQUATION(S) INTO Y= (TOP LEFT OF CALC)

- 1) Type your equations into y=
  - a. To check to see if they are equivalent
  - b. To check to see if you FOILed correctly
  - c. To get a visual on the graph
  - d. To find key characteristics
  - e. etc.



### GRAPH YOUR EQUATIONS (TOP RIGHT OF CALC)

- 2) Graph your y = equations
  - a. To get a visual of the parabola
  - b. Check they are equivalent (graphs would be the same exact parabola)
  - c. To find key features (vertex, roots, y-intercept, etc)
  - d. etc.



### USING YOUR TABLE ON THE CALC (TOP RIGHT: 2<sup>ND</sup> GRAPH)

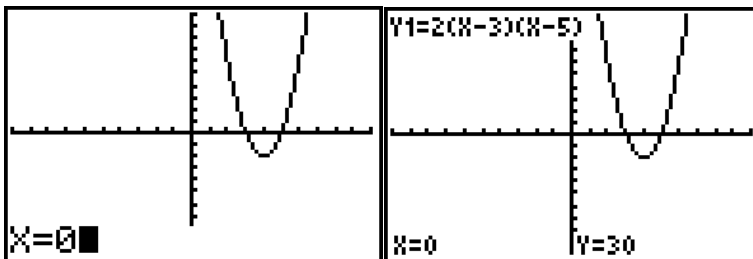
- 3) Use your table to find coordinates on the parabola to graph
- 4) Use your table to find the vertex and/or roots/solutions/zeros

X	Y1	Y2
1	16	16
2	6	6
3	0	0
4	-2	-2
5	0	0
6	6	6
7	16	16

X=1

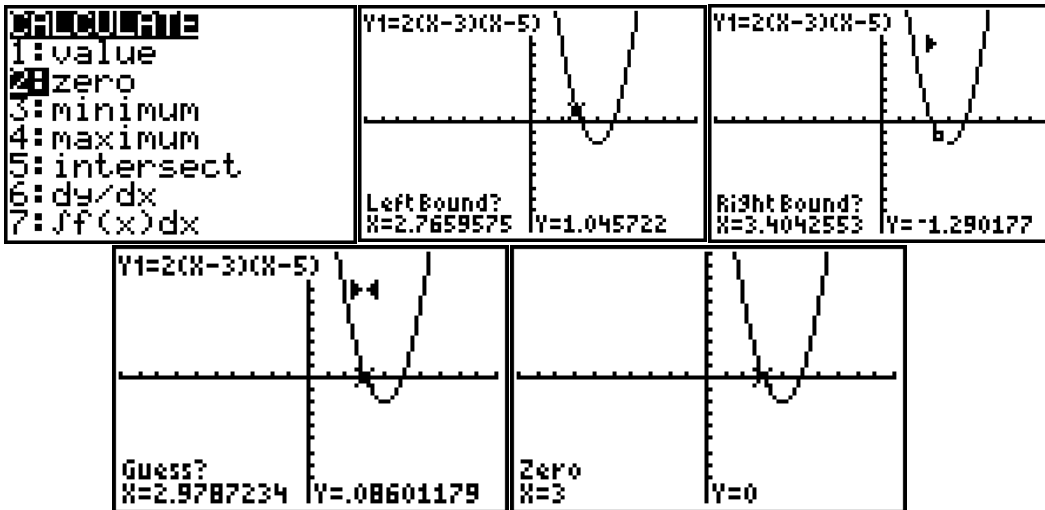
### FINDING KEY FEATURES ON THE CALC (TOP RIGHT: 2<sup>ND</sup> TRACE)

- 5) y-intercept (your c in  $ax^2 + bx + c = \text{value}$   $x = 0$ )

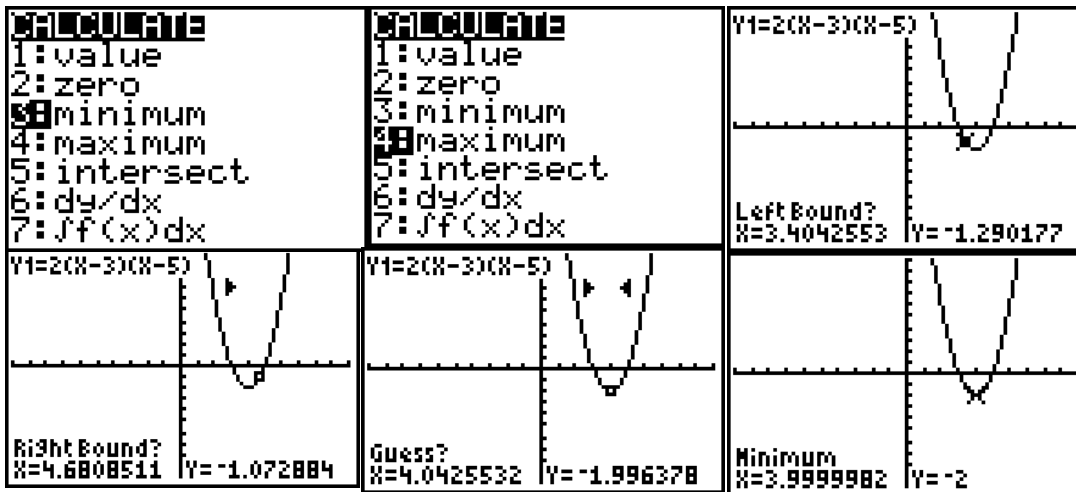


TRACE	DESCRIPTION
1	value
2	zero
3	minimum
4	maximum
5	intersect
6	dy/dx
7	∫f(x)dx

6) Finding zeros/roots/solutions or x-intercepts (in coordinate form)



7) Finding the minimum or maximum (AKA your vertex (h, k))



QUADRATIC REGRESSION (MODELING OR WRITING A FUNCTION RULE)

8) Writing a quadratic function given data points (after doing 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> differences)

- Hit STAT, EDIT, ENTER
- X's into L1 and Y's into L2
- Hit STAT, CALC, 5 QUAD REG
- $y = ax^2 + bx + c$  and plug in the a, b, & c you are given.

