

Ch. 7 Betting Ready for the Test p. 512

$$1. \frac{-x}{4-x} = \frac{-x}{-x+4} = \frac{-1x}{-1(x-4)} = \frac{x}{x-4} \quad \text{(D)}$$

$$2. \frac{x+3}{x^2+9} \quad \begin{array}{l} x^2+9 \neq 0 \\ \sqrt{x^2} \neq \sqrt{-9} \\ x \neq \pm 3i \end{array} \quad \text{non-real solutions} \quad \text{(E)}$$

$$3. \frac{y-b}{b-y} = \frac{y-b}{-y+b} = \frac{y-b}{-1(y-b)} = \frac{1}{-1} = -1 \quad \text{(B)}$$

$$4. \frac{y+3}{3+y} = \frac{y+3}{y+3} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \quad \text{(A)}$$

$$5. \frac{x-2}{-2+x} = \frac{x-2}{x-2} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \quad \text{(A)}$$

$$6. \frac{m-4}{m+4} = \frac{m-4}{m+4} \quad \text{(C)}$$

$$7. \frac{8}{x^2} \cdot \frac{4}{x^2} = \frac{32}{x^4} \quad \text{(C)}$$

$$8. \frac{8}{x^2} \cdot \frac{x^2}{4} = \frac{8x^2}{4x^2} = \frac{8}{4} = 2 \quad \text{(D)}$$

$$9. \frac{8}{x^2} + \frac{4}{x^2} = \frac{12}{x^2} \quad \text{(D)}$$

$$10. \frac{7x}{x-1} - \frac{5+2x}{x-1} = \frac{7x-5-2x}{x-1} = \frac{5x-5}{x-1} = \frac{5(x-1)}{x-1} = 5 \quad \text{(A)}$$

$$11. \frac{9}{25x} ; \frac{7}{10x^3} \quad \text{LCD: } 50xxx = 50x^3 \quad \text{(D)}$$

5 · 5 · x 2.5 · xxx

$$12. \frac{5}{4x+8} ; \frac{9}{8x-8} \quad \text{LCD: } 8(x-1)(x+2) \quad \text{(D)}$$

4(x+2) 8(x-1)

13. $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{1}{3}$
 expression, (A)

14. $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{x}$
 equation, (B)

15. $\frac{a+5}{11} = 9$
 equation, (B)

16. $\frac{a+5}{11} \cdot 9$
 expression, (A)

17. $\frac{x+3}{4} + \frac{5}{6} = 3$ LCD: ~~10~~ 12

$\boxed{3(x+3) + 5(2) = 3(12)}$ (C)

$3x + 9 + 10 = 36$

$3x + 19 = 36$

$3x = 17$

$x = \frac{17}{3}$

18. $3 - \frac{10x}{4(x+1)} = \frac{5}{6(x+1)}$ LCD: $12(x+1)$

$3(12(x+1)) - 10x(3) = 5(2)$ (C)

19. $\frac{x}{5} = x + 12$ (A)

20. $\frac{\frac{2}{x}}{\frac{1}{y^2} + \frac{1}{5x}} = \frac{\frac{2}{x}}{\frac{5x + y^2}{5xy^2}} = \frac{2}{x} \cdot \frac{5xy^2}{5x + y^2} = \frac{10y^2}{5x + y^2}$
 LCD: $5xy^2$

(A)